



BETWEEN:

<p>(1) WOLVERHAMPTON CITY COUNCIL (2) DUDLEY METROPOLITAN BOROUGH COUNCIL, (3) SANDWELL METROPOLITAN BOROUGH COUNCIL (4) WALSALL METROPOLITAN BOROUGH COUNCIL</p>	Claimants
<p>(1) PERSONS UNKNOWN WHO PARTICIPATE BETWEEN THE HOURS OF 3:00PM AND 7:00AM IN A GATHERING OF 2 OR MORE PERSONS WITHIN THE BLACK COUNTRY AREA SHOWN ON PLAN A (ATTACHED) AT WHICH SOME OF THOSE PRESENT ENGAGE IN MOTOR RACING OR MOTOR STUNTS OR OTHER DANGEROUS OR OBSTRUCTIVE DRIVING</p> <p>(2) PERSONS UNKNOWN WHO PARTICIPATE BETWEEN THE HOURS OF 3:00PM AND 7:00AM IN A GATHERING OF 2 OR MORE PERSONS WITHIN THE BLACK COUNTRY AREA SHOWN ON PLAN A (ATTACHED) WITH THE INTENTION OR EXPECTATION THAT SOME OF THOSE PRESENT WILL ENGAGE IN MOTOR RACING OR MOTOR STUNTS OR OTHER DANGEROUS OR OBSTRUCTIVE DRIVING</p> <p>(3) PERSONS UNKNOWN PROMOTING ORGANISING PUBLICISING (BY ANY MEANS WHATSOEVER) ANY GATHERING BETWEEN THE HOURS OF 3:00PM AND 7:00AM OF 2 OR MORE PERSONS WITH THE INTENTION OR EXPECTATION THAT SOME OF THOSE PRESENT WILL ENGAGE IN MOTOR RACING OR MOTOR STUNTS OR OTHER DANGEROUS OR OBSTRUCTIVE DRIVING WITHIN THE BLACK COUNTRY AREA SHOWN ON PLAN A (ATTACHED)</p>	Defendants

**INJUNCTION - SECTION 37(1) SENIOR COURTS ACT 1981
(PROCEEDINGS BROUGHT PURSUANT TO SECTION 222 LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1972)**

POWER OF ARREST
Under section 27 Police and Criminal Justice Act 2006



The court orders that a power of arrest under section 27 Police and Criminal Justice Act 2006 applies to the following paragraph of an order made on 22 December 2022

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(Here set out the provisions of the order to which this power of arrest applies and no others).

(Where marked * delete as appropriate)

IT IS FORBIDDEN for any Defendant being a driver, rider or passenger in or on a motor-vehicle to participate between the hours of 3:00pm and 7:00am in a gathering of 2 or more persons within the Black Country Area shown on Plan A (attached) at which some of those present engage in motor racing or motor stunts or other dangerous or obstructive driving

“Stunts” are driving manoeuvres often undertaken at such gatherings including but not limited to:

- a. “Burnouts” – Causing a vehicle to destroy its tyres by applying power to the drive wheels while braking so as to remain in place while the wheels revolve at speed.
- b. “Donuts/Donutting” – Causing a vehicle to rotate around a fixed point (normally the front axle) while not moving-off causing noise, smoke and tyre marks to be created.
- c. “Drifting” – Turning by placing the vehicle in a skid so that most sideways motion is due to the skid not any significant steering input.
- d. “Undertaking” – Passing a vehicle on its nearside so as to overtake in circumstances not permitted by the Highway Code

POWER OF ARREST

In respect of a power of arrest under section 27 Police and Criminal Justice Act 2006, the Court, upon being satisfied pursuant to section 27(3) Police and Criminal Justice Act 2006 that the relevant conduct consists of or includes the use or threatened use of violence and/or there is a significant risk of harm to a person mentioned in section 27(2) of the said Act, has ordered that a power of arrest be attached to the order.

A power of arrest is attached to the order whereby any constable may (under the power given by Section 27(4) Police and Criminal Justice Act 2006) arrest without a warrant a person whom he has reasonable cause for suspecting to be in breach of any of the provisions set out in this order or otherwise in contempt of court in relation to such provision.

This Power of Arrest

Shall come into effect on 12.01 a.m. (00:01 hours) on 24 December 2022 and shall continue until 11:59 pm (23:59 hours) on 21 December 2023 ,unless it is extended, varied or discharged by further order of the court.

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**Note to the
Arresting Officer**

Where a person is arrested under the power given by section 27(4) Police and Criminal Justice Act 2006, section 27(6) Police and Criminal Justice Act 2006 requires that:

- A constable shall, after making such an arrest, forthwith inform the person on whose application the injunction was granted;
- Such person shall be brought before the relevant judge within 24 hours beginning at the time of his arrest; And if the matter is not then disposed of forthwith, the Judge may remand such person.
- Nothing in section 155 authorises the detention of such person after the expiry of the period of 24 hours beginning at the time of his arrest, unless remanded by the court.
- In reckoning any period of 24 hours for these purposes, no account shall be taken of Christmas Day, Good Friday or any Sunday.

Ordered by

The Honourable Mrs Justice Hill

On

22 December 2022
